

INTRODUCING CATS TO CHILDREN

Introducing children and cats is an ongoing process, and patience and education are key to building a strong, loving, and respectful relationship between your child and your feline friend. With proper guidance, your child can develop a positive connection with your cat, making for a happy and safe home environment for both. Cats have unique behaviors and boundaries, so it's essential to teach your child how to interact with them safely and respectfully.

BEFORE INTRODUCTION

TEACH THE CHILD GROUND RULES

- 🐾 Teach your child about cat behavior and body language. Explain that cats have their own boundaries and that their signals should be respected.
- 🐾 Teach your child to approach the cat calmly and gently, using slow movements and a quiet voice.
- 🐾 Teach your child no tail-pulling, no rough play, no sudden movements, and no loud noises around the cat.
- 🐾 Explain that cats may need breaks or quiet time, and they should not be bothered while eating, using the litter box, or resting.

PREPARE YOUR HOME

Ensure that the cat has a safe space where they can retreat when they need a break.

LET YOUR KITTY ADJUST TO THEIR NEW HOME

When the cat first arrives home, allow them to explore their new environment without immediate contact with your child. This helps the cat become comfortable in their new surroundings. Once they are comfortable and settled, have your child sit quietly on the floor and allow the cat to approach at their own pace. Discourage your child from chasing or trying to pick up the cat.

SAFETY DON'TS | FOR SAFETY, PLEASE DO NOT EVER ALLOW YOUR CHILD TO:

- 🐾 Put their face in the cat's face
- 🐾 Pull the cat's tail
- 🐾 Make loud noises around the cat
- 🐾 Make sudden movements that could spook a cat
- 🐾 Rough play with the cat

DURING THE FIRST MEETING

TEACH GENTLE HANDLING

Show your child how to gently stroke the cat and provide guidance on proper handling to avoid accidental scratching.

POSITIVE ASSOCIATIONS

Encourage your child to offer treats or engage in play to create positive associations between them and the cat. This helps build trust and a bond between them.

MONITOR AND ASSESS

Continuously monitor the interactions between your child and the cat and assess both their comfort levels. Make adjustments as needed to ensure a positive dynamic.

MORE TIPS

EARLY SOCIALIZATION IS IMPORTANT

If you have a kitten, expose them to various people, including children, from a young age to help them become comfortable with children's presence.

SEEK PROFESSIONAL GUIDANCE

If you encounter any issues or concerns with the cat's behavior around children, consult with a professional cat behaviorist or veterinarian. They can provide guidance and solutions to address specific challenges.