

# **SAFE CAT-CAT INTRODUCTIONS**

Introducing a new cat to your existing feline household can be a delicate process. It's essential to ensure a safe and gradual introduction to minimize stress and potential conflicts. Remember, not all cats will become best friends, but with patience and a gradual introduction process, many can learn to coexist peacefully. Always prioritize the safety and well-being of your feline companions during the introduction process.

## **START SLOW: BEFORE VISUAL CONTACT**

**ISOLATE THE NEW CAT** Initially, place the new cat in a separate room with their own essentials, including a litter box, food, water, and a comfortable place to rest. This separation allows both cats to adjust to the new environment and its smells. Give plenty of attention and love to all resident cats so that all of them decompress and are relaxed enough to have the best chance at a low-stress introduction.

**GRADUAL INTRODUCTION TO SCENT** Before the cats meet in person, exchange bedding or toys between them to help familiarize each cat with the other's scent.

**SHORT SNIFF SESSIONS** After a few days, allow the cats to have brief interactions under the door. This can involve sniffing or pawing under the door while observing each other's reactions.

**ROTATE SPACES** Briefly let them explore each other's spaces when the other is not visually in sight (allow your new cat to sniff around a main room when your other cat is closed in a bedroom, and vice versa).

#### **VISUAL CONTACT**

Prop open the door a few inches and place a baby gate there as a barrier. Only start out with the door opened a few inches so there isn't a ton of visibility. This allows the cats to see each other without direct physical contact. Monitor their reactions closely. Begin to feed the cats at the same time with this baby gate/visual barrier in place. There may be some initial hisses or growls. Place the food far enough away so that both cats eat comfortably and do not appear too stressed. After a few days of feedings like this, if they eat well and have comfortable body language, gradually decrease the space between food and the door until they can take meals across from one another with the gate in between. Next, after a few days of this, open the door fully and put a dog pen/screen door/ baby gate in to fully block the area while allowing full visibility of the other cat. Continue feeding on opposite sides of the barrier, and gradually move the food bowls closer to the barrier each day until the cats are able to eat comfortably near one another.

### **NEXT STEPS**

**CONTROLLED FACE-TO-FACE MEETINGS** When both cats appear comfortable with visual contact, conduct a supervised face-to-face meeting. Remove the barrier and monitor their body language closely. Have treats and toys on hand to keep them distracted and engaged.

**POSITIVE REINFORCEMENT** Reward both cats with treats and praise for calm and positive behavior during their interactions. Keep initial sessions short if one cat is not fully comfortable.

**GRADUAL INCREASE IN TIME TOGETHER** Over several sessions, gradually increase the duration of their interactions. As long as both cats remain calm, the time they spend together can grow.

ASSESS BODY LANGUAGE Pay close attention to each cat's body language. Positive signs include relaxed postures, playfulness, and mutual grooming. Negative signs may include hissing, growling, or puffed-up fur.

**RETREAT OPTION** Ensure that both cats have the option to retreat to their safe spaces if they become overwhelmed or need a break.

**INDEPENDENT PLAY AND FEEDING** Allow both cats to engage in separate play and feeding sessions initially. This prevents competition for resources.

**GRADUAL INTEGRATION** Over time, as both cats become more comfortable with each other, you can allow them to interact more freely. However, always maintain supervision until you are confident they can coexist peacefully.

# **T'S IMPORTANT TO REMEMBER...**

PATIENCE IS KEY The introduction process may take weeks or even months, and it's crucial to be patient and not rush the process. Moving too quickly can cause larger setbacks that can take scared cats a long time to recover from.

**SEEK PROFESSIONAL HELP** If there are signs of aggression or severe stress, or if the introduction process is not progressing well, consider consulting a professional animal behaviorist or trainer for guidance.